

Pharmacy Policy Bulletin

Title: Dupilumab (Dupixent®)

Policy #: Rx.01.194

Application of pharmacy policy is determined by benefits and contracts. Benefits may vary based on product line, group, or contract. Some medications may be subject to precertification, age, quantity, or formulary restrictions (ie limits on non-preferred drugs). Individual member benefits must be verified.

This pharmacy policy document describes the status of pharmaceutical information and/or technology at the time the document was developed. Since that time, new information relating to drug efficacy, interactions, contraindications, dosage, administration routes, safety, or FDA approval may have changed. This Pharmacy Policy will be regularly updated as scientific and medical literature becomes available. This information may include new FDA-approved indications, withdrawals, or other FDA alerts. This type of information is relevant not only when considering whether this policy should be updated, but also when applying it to current requests for coverage.

Members are advised to use participating pharmacies in order to receive the highest level of benefits.

Intent:

The intent of this policy is to communicate the medical necessity criteria for **dupilumab (Dupixent®)** as provided under the member's prescription drug benefit. .

Description:

Atopic dermatitis (eczema) is a chronic, relapsing inflammatory skin disease characterized by redness, lesions, and intense pruritus. The cause of atopic dermatitis is a combination of genetics and environmental factors, such as allergies and irritants. Atopic dermatitis is prevalent worldwide and occurs most frequently in children, but also affects many adults. The onset of atopic dermatitis is most common between 3 to 6 months of age. Approximately 60% of patients develop atopic dermatitis within their first year of life and 90% by 5 years of age. More than 80% of children with atopic dermatitis have persistent symptoms into their adult years. More severe pruritus correlates to greater disease severity. Common features in infants include pruritic red, scaly and crusted lesions on the extensor surfaces and cheeks or scalp. In older children or adolescents, atopic dermatitis presents as lichenified plaques. In adults, it is more localized and lichenified. Atopic dermatitis associated with persistent pruritus could lead to sleep deprivation, symptoms of depression, anxiety, poor quality of life, and financial burden. Additionally, patients with atopic dermatitis are at increased risk for cutaneous bacterial, viral, and fungal infections due to persistent itching and scratching.

American Academy of Dermatology Association current treatment guidelines:

Non-pharmacologic treatments

- Topical moisturizers
- Wet-wrap therapy
- Bathing practices

Pharmacologic treatments

1ST line: Topical corticosteroids

Introduced after failure of lesions to respond to good skin care and regular use of emollients alone

Treatment is individualized due to multiple formulations, dosage forms, and potencies

Choice of potency is based on patient's age, body area involved, and degree of inflammation

- Acute flares: short course of medium-high potency topical corticosteroid, followed by a quick taper in potency
- Long-term management: lowest-potency initially, followed by an upward titration if failed

2nd line: Topical calcineurin inhibitors

Pimecrolimus cream: mild-moderate atopic dermatitis

Tacrolimus ointment: moderate-severe atopic dermatitis

Clinical situations in which a topical calcineurin is preferred:

- Sensitive areas (face, neck, skin folds, anogenital)
- Recalcitrance to steroids

- Steroid-induced atrophy
- Long-term uninterrupted topical steroid use

Asthma is a chronic airway disorder that is characterized by reversible airflow obstruction due to air hyper responsiveness and airway inflammation. Generally, asthma starts in childhood in relation to sensitization to common inhaled allergens, which stimulates T helper type 2 cell proliferation, subsequently releasing cytokines (IL-4, IL-5, and IL-13) that induce airway inflammation. Chronic airway inflammation leads to airway remodeling by thickening the airway walls, which creates a narrower pathway for air to travel.

Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) is a subtype of chronic rhinosinusitis (CRS), an inflammatory condition involving the paranasal sinuses and linings of the nasal passage, which persists for 12 weeks or longer. There is no cure for CRS, and therapy is intended to reduce symptoms and improve quality of life. There is significant variability in the management of CRS which include saline washes and sprays, intranasal and systemic corticosteroids, antibiotics, and antileukotriene agents. Biologic agents are considered in patients with refractory disease when intranasal and oral corticosteroids failed to reduce polyp or to improve symptoms.

Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is a fully human monoclonal IgG4 antibody that inhibits interleukin-4 (IL-4) and interleukin-13 (IL-13) signaling by binding to the IL-4 receptor alpha subunit shared by IL-4 and IL-13 receptor complexes. Dupilumab inhibits IL-4 signaling via the Type 1 receptor and both IL-4 and IL-13 signaling through the Type II receptor. IL-4 and IL-13 play a role in the pathogenesis of atopic dermatitis and asthma. Dupilumab reduces the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines. The mechanism of dupilumab (Dupixent®) action in asthma has not been definitively established.

Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is indicated in adults and children 6 years of age or older for the treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis not adequately controlled with topical prescription therapy or when those therapies are inadvisable, and as an add-on maintenance treatment in patients with moderate-to-severe asthma aged 12 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype or with oral corticosteroid dependent asthma. It is also indicated as an add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis. Dupixent® can be used with or without topical corticosteroids. It should not be used for the relief of acute bronchospasm or status asthmaticus.

Policy:
Atopic Dermatitis

INITIAL CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is approved when there is a diagnosis of moderate-severe atopic dermatitis and ALL of the following are met:

1. Member is 6 years of age or older; and
2. Diagnosis of moderate-severe atopic dermatitis; and
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist; and
4. Inadequate response or inability to tolerate ONE of the following:
 - a. Topical steroids, medium potency or higher; or
 - b. Topical tacrolimus; or
 - c. Topical pimecrolimus; and
5. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Initial authorization duration: 2 years

REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is re-approved when BOTH of the following are met:

1. Positive clinical response to therapy (e.g., reduction in body surface area involvement); and
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist; and
3. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Reauthorization duration: 2 years

Moderate to severe asthma

INITIAL CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is approved when there is documentation of ALL of the following:

1. Member is 12 years of age or older; and

2. One of the following:
 - a. Moderate to severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype defined as blood eosinophil levels of at least 150 cells/mcL at baseline or at least 300 cells/mcL within the past 12 months; or
 - b. Moderate to severe oral corticosteroid-dependent asthma; and
3. Documentation that the requested medication will be used in addition to ONE of the following:
 - a. Medium to high dose inhaled corticosteroid (e.g., greater than or equal to 500mcg fluticasone propionate equivalent/day); and ONE additional controller medication; or
 - b. One maximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol), Dulera (mometasone/formoterol), Symbicort (budesonide/formoterol)); and
4. Prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or allergy/ immunology specialist; and
5. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Initial authorization duration: 2 years

REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is re-approved when ALL of the following are met:

1. Positive clinical response to therapy; and
2. The requested medication will be used in addition to ONE of the following:
 - a. Medium to high dose inhaled corticosteroid (e.g., greater than or equal to 500mcg fluticasone propionate equivalent/day); and ONE additional controller medication; or
 - b. One maximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol), Dulera (mometasone/formoterol), Symbicort (budesonide/formoterol)
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or allergy/immunology specialist; and
4. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Reauthorization duration: 2 years

Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP)

INITIAL CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is approved when there is a diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) and ALL of the following are met:

1. Member is 18 years of age or older; and
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist, or Ear Nose Throat specialist; and
3. Inadequate response or inability to tolerate at least a 2 month treatment with intranasal corticosteroid (e.g., fluticasone); and
4. Used in combination with another agent for CRSwNP; and
5. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Initial Authorization duration: 2 years

REAUTHORIZATION CRITERIA Dupilumab (Dupixent®) is re-approved when BOTH of the following are met:

1. Positive clinical response to therapy; and
2. Prescribed by allergist, immunologist or Ear Nose Throat specialist; and
3. Used in combination with another agent for CRSwNP; and
4. Will not be used in combination with other biologics for asthma/allergic conditions

Reauthorization duration: 2 years

Black Box Warning as shown in the drug Prescribing Information:

N/A

Guidelines:

Refer to the specific manufacturer's prescribing information for administration and dosage details and any applicable Black Box warnings.

BENEFIT APPLICATION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable benefit contract, the applicable drug(s) identified in this policy is (are) covered under the prescription drug benefits of the Company's products when the medical necessity criteria listed in this pharmacy policy are met. Any services that are experimental/investigational or cosmetic are benefit contract exclusions for all products of the Company.

References:

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Applicable Drugs:

Inclusion of a drug in this table does not imply coverage. Eligibility, benefits, limitations, exclusions, precertification/referral requirements, provider contracts, and Company policies apply.

Brand Name	Generic Name
Dupixent®	dupilumab

Cross References:

Off-Label Use Rx.01.33

Policy Version Number:	13.00
P&T Approval Date:	December 9, 2021
Policy Effective Date:	May 15, 2022
Next Required Review Date:	March 18, 2022

The Policy Bulletins on this web site were developed to assist the Company in administering the provisions of the respective benefit programs, and do not constitute a contract. If you have coverage through the Company, please refer to your specific benefit program for the terms, conditions, limitations and exclusions of your coverage. Company does not provide health care services, medical advice or treatment, or guarantee the outcome or results of any medical services/treatments. The facility and professional providers are responsible for providing medical advice and treatment. Facility and professional providers are independent contractors and are not employees or agents of the Company. If you have a specific medical condition, please consult with your doctor. The Company reserves the right at any time to change or update its Policy Bulletins.

